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Staff Draft Presentation

Public Briefing December 8, 2021

This presentation contains estimates that are pre-decisional and subject to change.

Outline

- Draft Budget Overview
- Trends, Context & Themes
- Operating Budget Proposal
 - Pay, Benefits & Staffing
 - Travel
 - Contracting
- Capital Budget Proposal
- Share Insurance Fund Administrative Budget
- Financing

Overview: 2022 – 2023 NCUA Resources

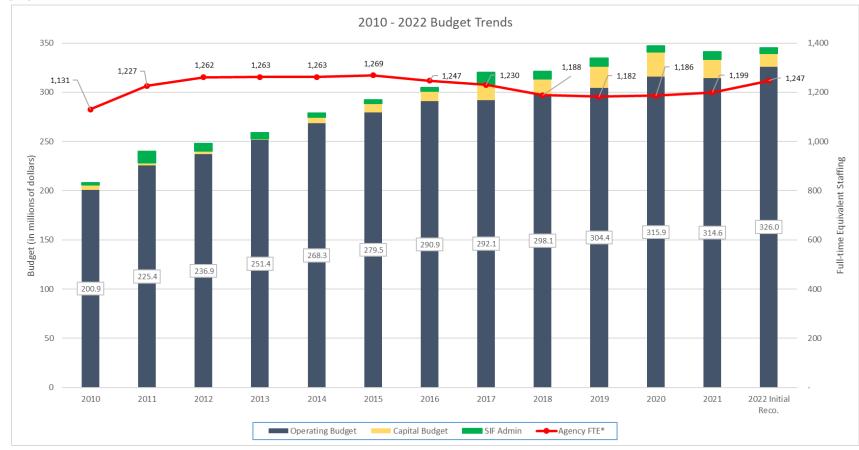
	2022 - 2023 NCUA BUDGET RESOURCES											
Budget	2021 Board Approved Budget	2022 Requested Budget	Change (2021-2022)	Change Percent (2021-2022)	2023 Requested Budget	Change (2022-2023)	Change Percent (2022-2023)	2021 FTE*	2022 FTE*	2023 FTE*	FTE Ch (21-22)	ange (22-23)
Operating Budget	\$ 314,560,000	\$ 326,004,000	\$ 11,444,000	3.6%	\$ 369,322,000	\$ 43,318,000	13.3%	1,194	1,242	1,250	48	8
Capital Budget	\$ 18,845,000	\$ 13,069,000	\$ (5,776,000)	-30.7%	\$ 13,069,000	\$ -	0.0%	-	-	-	-	-
Share Insurance Fund Admin. Budget	\$ 7,973,000	\$ 6,246,000	\$ (1,727,000)	-21.7%	\$ 4,770,000	\$ (1,476,000)	-23.6%	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 341,378,000	\$ 345,319,000	\$ 3,941,000	1.2%	- \$ 387,161,000	\$ 41,842,000	12.1%	1,194	1,242	1,250	48	8

* Note: 2021 FTE level includes 7 positions approved by the NCUA Board in 2021 Midsession; all FTE levels exclude five FTEs funded by the Central Liquidity Facility (CLF).

- The Staff Draft Budget for 2022 proposes \$345.3 million in budget resources, an increase of 1.2% over the resources approved by the Board for 2021.
 - In addition, the proposal includes the use in 2022 of unspent 2021 budget estimated to be \$23 million.
 - Comparing the 2022 budget including carryover to the Board approved 2021 budget with carryover, the comparable year-over-year increase is 5.8%.

Budget Trends

 Total 2022 proposed budget and staffing as compared to Board approved levels since 2010.

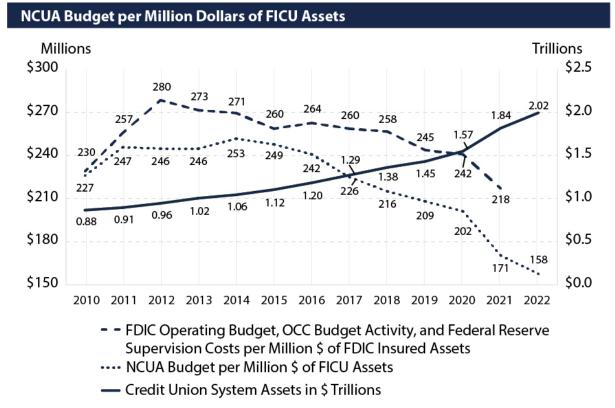


* Agency FTE includes positions funded by the Central Liquidity Fund (CLF); in 2022 there are five CLF positions.

Staff Draft: NCUA 2022 – 2023 Budget

Budget Trends

 As compared to Credit Union system assets, the relative size of the NCUA's Operating Budget continues to decrease.



Source: NCUA Annual Budgets, Call Reports, FDIC, OCC, and Federal Reserve financial reports *Budget per million \$ of FICU assets is calculated as the fiscal year's budget divided by the previous year's end-of-year assets (e.g. - FY2022 budget (\$318.7M) / projected FICU assets as of 2021Q4 (\$2.0T) = \$158 of NCUA budget per \$1M in FICU assets).

Context: Strategy and Budget

- The Board approved the release of the Draft NCUA Strategic Plan 2022-2026 at its November Meeting.
- The 2022-2023 staff draft budget was developed to support the draft Strategic Plan.
- The 3 strategic goals in the draft Plan are:
 - 1. Ensure a safe, sound, and viable system of cooperative credit that protects consumers
 - 2. Improve the financial well-being of individuals and communities through access to affordable and equitable financial products and services
 - 3. Maximize organizational performance to enable mission success

Context: Economic Outlook & Other Risks

- Ongoing Recovery From the Pandemic Recession
- Cybersecurity
- Fiscal Landscape and Technology
- Industry Consolidation and Smaller Credit Unions
- Fraud
- Climate-Related Financial Risk

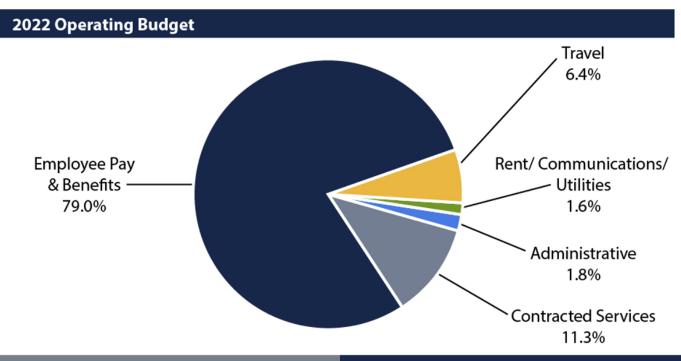
Key NCUA Programmatic Themes

- MERIT Deployment
- Examinations Outlook and Virtual Exams
- NCUA Cybersecurity
- ACCESS and Financial Inclusion
- Support for Small Credit Unions
- Fair Lending
- Regulatory Improvements

2022 Operating Budget

(\$ millions)	2021 Board Approved Budget	2022 Requested Budget	\$ Change	% Change
Budget	\$314.6	\$326.0	\$11.4	3.6%
Positions*	1,194	1,242	48	4.0%

* Operating Budget positions do not include five positions funded by the Central Liquidity Fund.



Staff Draft: NCUA 2022 – 2023 Budget

2022 Operating Budget Categories

Budget Category (\$ thousands)	2021 Board Approved Budget	2022 Requested Budget	\$ Change	% Change
Employee Pay	\$167,718	\$178,293	\$10,575	6.3%
Employee Benefits	73,093	79,237	6,144	8.4%
Total Compensation	240,811	257,530	16,719	6.9%
Travel	12,257	20,806	8,549	69.7%
Rent/Comm./Utilities	7,198	5,166	-2,032	-28.2%
Administrative	6,026	5,785	-241	-4.0%
Contracted Services ¹	48,268	36,717	-11,551	-23.9%
Total, Operating Budget	\$314,560	\$326,004	\$11,444	3.6%

1. The contracted services budget proposal is offset by the use of an estimated \$23 million budget surplus from the 2021 budget. This makes the total planned contracted services spend in 2022 \$59.7 million, or an increase of 24%.

Salaries and Benefits Changes

- The proposed budget for compensation increases by \$16.7 million (6.9%). Employment compensation comprises 79% of the NCUA operating budget.
 - Merit and locality pay for the current workforce is paid in accordance with the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Employee salaries are estimated to increase by 3.6%.
 - Benefits costs are projected to increase overall by 8.4%. This increase is driven largely by the mandatory retirement contribution paid by NCUA as the employer to OPM. The change in required retirement contributions to OPM comprises 21 percent of the growth in salaries and benefits.
 - The 2022 cost impact of proposed additional staff in the budget accounts for \$4.0 million of the compensation increase.

Proposed Staffing Changes

Position	Explanation
Regional Credit Union Examiners (+29 FTE)	Expand the requirement for annual examinations to include: (1) credit unions with assets between \$500 million and \$1 billion that have otherwise previously qualified for an extended examination cycle based on the current Exam Flexibility Initiative criteria, and (2) credit unions with assets more than \$250 million and evaluated as facing a higher risk of business or economic challenges. This expansion of the annual examination requirement necessitates an increase in the examination workforce by 29 FTEs.
Regional Specialist Examiners (+3 FTE)	Three disciplines in particular are in need of additional specialists: regional electronic payments specialists (REPSs), regional information systems officers (RISOs), and regional lending specialists (RLSs). Specialist Examiners contribute to conducting examination and supervision work, but at a lower level than examiners. Therefore, the repurposing of existing positions necessitates a net increase of three examiner FTEs .

Proposed Staffing Changes

Position	Explanation
Small Credit Union Program Officers (+2 FTE)	Small credit unions with less than \$100 million in assets are in a unique position to improve financial inclusion by offering credit and other services to their communities. These two new positions will be responsible for identifying and developing additional programs to address the needs of small credit unions.
Fair Lending Staff (+4 FTE)	These additional positions will enhance the NCUA's fair lending function by increasing fair lending examinations by 50 percent (from 30 to 45 annually) and fair lending supervision contacts by 25 percent (from 40 to 50 annually). The additional staff will focus on serving as Examiner-In-Charge for and performing fair lending examinations and supervision contacts, and recommending corrective action when required.
Financial Inclusion and Outreach (+1 FTE)	This position will be responsible for developing, coordinating, and implementing the NCUA's strategic stakeholder relationships related to community affairs, economic inclusion, and financial education and literacy activities.

Proposed Staffing Changes

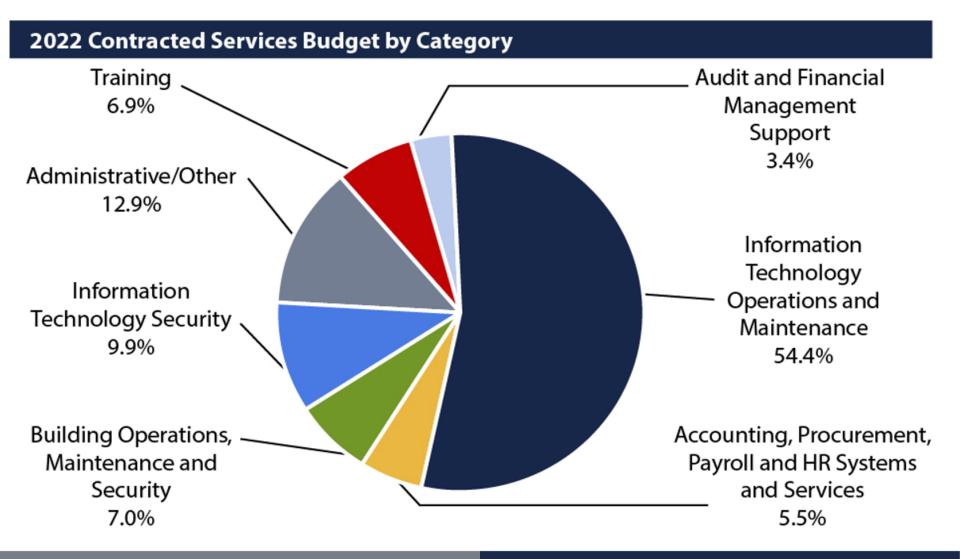
Position	Explanation
Office of Examination and Insurance Staff (+2 FTE)	Adds Systems Specialist to manage aspects of the MERIT system as well as other software; and adds a bank secrecy officer to support the growing Bank Secrecy Act requirements.
Division Director, Human Capital Systems and Planning (+1 FTE)	Adds a new position within the Office of Human Resources will manage human capital, strategic workforce and succession planning, data analytics, workforce management prioritization, human capital systems administration, reporting, and compensation analysis.
Office of External Affairs and Communications (+2 FTE)	Adds a senior website administrator and speechwriter to support the increasing workload associated with Section 508 compliance and the increased demand for external communications support.
Asset Management and Assistance Center (+1 FTE)	This position is necessary to separate oversight of AMAC's activities from those of the Southern Region and provide dedicated leadership over AMAC operations.
NGN Position Reduction (-5 FTE)	Reduce 5 positions that were dedicated to the NGN program, which will be substantially concluded in 2022.

Travel Budget Changes

• The 2022 budget includes \$20.8 million for travel.

- This change is a 69.7 percent increase over the 2021 Boardapproved budget.
- Since the onset of the COVID pandemic in March 2020, employee travel has been sharply curtailed. Comparisons between 2021 and 2022 travel levels are not representative of typical annual travel adjustments.
- This budget anticipates that staff will begin to resume some onsite exams in Q1 2022, and gradually increase during the year but at a rate less than pre-pandemic. The pre-pandemic budget approved by the Board for 2020 was \$27.4 million, making the 2022 travel budget request 24% lower than 2020.
- Savings from the unused 2021 travel budget is discussed on slide 23.

Operating Budget: Contracted Services



Operating Budget: Contracted Services

- Major programs within the Contracted Services budget include:
 - <u>Information Technology (IT) Operations and Maintenance (54.4 percent)</u>: the NCUA contracts for IT network support, help desk services, and other systems support.
 - <u>Administrative Support and Other Services (12.9 percent)</u>: the NCUA relies on contract support for various operational, technical, and legal expertise.
 - <u>Accounting, Procurement, Payroll, and Human Resources Systems (5.5 percent)</u>: the NCUA contracts for back-office support functions such as financial management services, human resources technology, and payroll services.
 - Building Operations, Maintenance, and Security (7.0 percent): the NCUA utilizes contract services to operate, maintain, and secure its facilities.
 - <u>IT Security (9.9 percent)</u>: the NCUA's IT security program aims to strengthen cybersecurity and ensure compliance with the Federal Information Security Management Act.
 - <u>Training (6.9 percent)</u>: Credit Union examiners attend extensive training annually, much of which is delivered utilizing contract support.
 - <u>Audit and Financial Management Support (3.4 percent)</u>: The NCUA Office of Inspector General contracts with an accounting firm to conduct the annual audit of the agency's four permanent funds.

2022 Capital Budget

• The capital budget includes \$13.1 million for 11 discrete projects. The largest share is for replacing the agency's laptops and refreshing IT infrastructure.

	2022 Requested Budget
IT software development investments	
Examination and Supervision Solution and Infrastructure Hosting (MERIT)	\$875,000
Enterprise Systems Modernization (ESM) Data Reporting Services	739,000
Enterprise Data Program	350,000
NCUA Website Development	100,000
System Updates for Significant Regulatory Changes	1,000,000
CU Locator and Research a Credit Union Updates	240,000
Other Information technology investments	
Enterprise Laptop Lease	5,000,000
IT Infrastructure, Platform and Security Refresh	1,600,000
Hybrid Work Environment (Conference room and equipment upgrades)	265,000
Executive Order on Cybersecurity	1,400,000
Capital building improvements and repairs	
Central Office HVAC System Replacement	1,500,000
Grand Total, Capital Projects	\$13,069,000

• More detailed descriptions are available in the 2022-2023 Budget Justification.

Staff Draft: NCUA 2022 – 2023 Budget

2022 Share Insurance Fund Administrative Budget

(\$ millions)	2021 Board Approved Budget	2022 Requested Budget	\$ Change	% Change
Budget	\$8.0	\$6.2	-\$1.7	-21.7%
Positions	5		- 5	-100.0 %

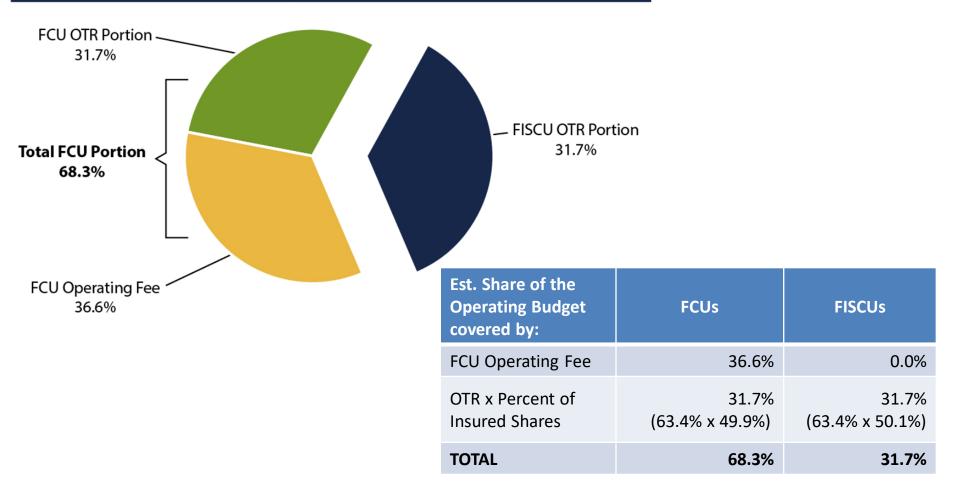
- Funds the direct costs of Share Insurance Fund (SIF) administration and management.
- Supports the NCUA Guarantee Notes (NGN) program and the Corporate System Resolution Program (CSRP).
- The reduction in the SIF Administrative Budget reflects the wind down of the NGN program. The last NGN note matured in June 2021. The program will substantially conclude in 2022.

2022 Share Insurance Fund Administrative Budget

Budget Category (\$ thousands)	2021 Board Approved Budget	2022 Requested Budget	\$ Change	% Change
SIF Direct Expenses				
Travel	\$1,754	\$1,200	-\$554	-31.6%
Administrative		\$50	\$50	n/a
Contracted Services	\$2,686	\$3,520	\$834	31.0%
Subtotal, Direct Expenses	\$4 <i>,</i> 440	\$4,770	\$330	7.4%
NGN support	\$3 <i>,</i> 533	\$1,476	-\$2,057	-58.2%
GRAND TOTAL	\$7,973	\$6,246	-\$1,727	-21.7%

Financing the NCUA Programs





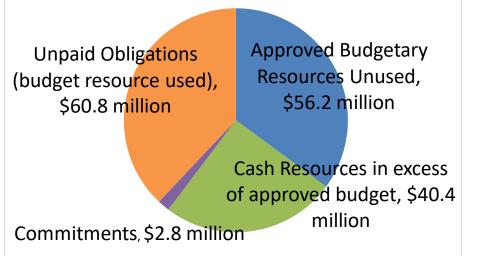
Staff Draft: NCUA 2022 – 2023 Budget

Use of Surplus 2021 Budget

- The draft budget proposes the carryover and use of approximately \$23.0 million approved by the Board for 2021.
 - Factoring the use of operating surplus into the year-overyear comparison, the 2022 draft budget is 5.8% higher than 2021.
 - The surplus is largely the result of the ongoing COVIDrelated travel restrictions, as well as some surplus in compensation and contracts.
 - In the 2022 staff draft budget, the \$23.0 million surplus is credited to offset the contracted services budget.

Operating Fee Cash Analysis

Comparison of Current Cash and Cash Equivalents Balance to Status of Available Resources as of September 30, 2021 (\$ in millions)



Status of Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 2021

- \$60.8 million is needed to support contracting and similar agreements made by NCUA, but which have yet been paid.
- \$56.2 million is for budget approvals made by the Board, but not yet used, such as payroll for the remainder of this year.
- \$2.8 million is for contracting actions in process.
- \$40.4 million is available and unobligated from prior years that are not currently allocated to a Board approved purpose.

Operating Fee Cash Analysis

- The Operating Fund had \$160.2 million in cash and cash equivalents as of Sept 30, 2021.
 - \$119.8 million is needed to pay outstanding invoices, contractual agreements, or other expenses already made by the NCUA, and for budget activity already approved by the Board, but not yet obligated (such as future payroll and contracts).
 - \$40.4 million is cash in excess of current budgetary needs.
 - Because the Operating Fee is not collected until April, the operating fund should retain a reserve to meet Q1 cash needs estimated to average \$25.3 million.
 - The NCUA also has unbudgeted future operating fund accrued liabilities of \$29.5 million, mostly for accrued employee leave. These are unlikely to become a significant actual cash expense in a particular year.

2023 Operating Budget Estimate

Budget Category (\$ thousands)	2022 Requested Budget	2023 Requested Budget	\$ Change	% Change
Employee Pay	\$178,293	\$191,023	\$12,730	7.1%
Employee Benefits	79,237	82,622	3,385	4.3%
Total Compensation	257,530	273,645	16,115	6.3%
Travel	20,806	24,446	3,640	17.5%
Rent/Comm./Utilities	5,166	5,366	200	3.9%
Administrative	5,785	6,011	226	3.9%
Contracted Services ¹	36,717	59,854	23,137	63.0%
Total, Operating Budget	\$326,004	\$369,322	\$43,318	13.3%

1. The \$23 million in budget availability applied to 2022 is applied to contracted services. The apparent increase in 2023 reflects the one-time use of the budget savings in 2023.

2023 Operating Budget Estimate

- The Operating Budget will increase in 2023 for three primary reasons:
 - The Contracted Services budget will increase because the pandemic surplus will be spent in 2022.
 - The Travel budget will increase because we assume pandemicrelated travel restrictions will be ended.
 - The Employee Salaries budget will increase because of staffing growth in 2022, routine promotions, and implementation of a new Collective Bargaining Agreement.
- Comparing 2023 to 2022 with the one-time use of the \$23 million, the growth in 2023 is 5.7%

Budget Background

Funds presented in the FY 2022 President's Budget Appendix:

- Operating Fund
- National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund
- Central Liquidity Facility
- Community Development Revolving Loan Program

Document location:

https://www.whitehouse.gov/wpcontent/uploads/2021/05/oia_fy 22.pdf 1316 National Credit Union Administration—Co Federal Funds—Continued

> Memorandum (non-add) entries: Total investments, SIV: Federal securities: Par value

Total investments, EOY: Federal securities: Par value

credit unions with total assets of more than \$906 billion

federally-insured state-chartered credit unions (FISCUs)

Reimbursable obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time

Identification code 025-4056-0-3-373 4180 Budget authority, net (total) ... 4190 Dutlacs, net (total)

Enable Mission Success.

Mantification code 025_4056_0_3_323

sentification code 025-4056-0-3-373

Civilian personnel benefits

Total new obligations, unexpired accounts

2001 Reimbursable civilian full-time equivalent employment

FISCUs.

11.1

OPERATING FUND-Continued

Program and Financing-Continued

The mission of the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) is to provide, through regulation and supervision, a safe and sound credit union system, which promotes confidence in the national system of cooperative credit. Credit unions are member-owned, cooperative associations ornanized

for the purpose of promoting thrift and creating a source of credit for members. As of September 30, 2020, there were 3,213 federally-chartered

NCUA, through its Operating Fund, conducts activities prescribed by the Federal Credit Union Act of 1934, which include: 1) chartering new Fed-

eral credit unions; 2) approving field of membership applications of Federal credit unions; 3) promulgating regulations and providing guidance; 4) performing regulatory compliance and safety and soundness examinations; 5) implementing and administering enforcement actions, such as prohibition orders, orders to cease and desist, orders of conservatorship and orders of liquidation; and 6) administering the National Credit Union Share Insurance

Fund (SIF), which provides insurance to Federal credit unions (FCUs) and

To better demonstrate how the NCUA's budget is used to achieve its strategic goals, the Operating Fund's obligations by program activity are presented in the same categories shown in the 2021 Budget. Amounts shown for "Safety and Soundness" correspond to programs that contribute

to the NCUA's goal to "Ensure a Safe and Sound Credit Union System."

Amounts shown for "Regulation and Consumer Protection" correspond to programs that contribute to the NCUA's goal to "Provide a Regulatory Framework that is Transparent, Efficient, and Improves Customer Access."

Amounts shown for "Mission Support" correspond to programs that contribute to the NCUA's goal to "Maximize Organizational Performance to

NCUA funds its activities through operating fees levied on all FCUs, and through reimbursements from the SIF, which is funded by FCUs and

Object Classification to million at dollars)

Employment Summary

48

140

20

20

CREDIT UNION SHARE INSURANCE FUND

rogram and Financing (in millions of dollars)

	Program and Financing (in millions	of dollars)		
Identi	Fication code 025-4468-0-3-373	2020 actual	2021 est.	2022 est.
_				
	Obligations by program activity:			
0801	Payments to the Operating Fund for services and facilities Other Administrative Expenses	219	199	203
0803	Working Capital	46	57	57
0804	Liquidation Expenses	206	283	286
0805	NCUA Guaranteed Notes program	271	1,361	
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	748	1,906	552
_				
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	15,232	16,556	18,086
	Budget authority:			
1800	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory. Collected	2.058	3,436	
1800	Conected Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	2,058	3,436	2,947
1850 1930	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total) Total budgetary resources available	2,072	3,436	2,947
1930	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	17,304	13,332	21,055
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	16,556	18,086	20,481
_				
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	51	71	
3000	New obligations, unexpired accounts	748	1,906	552
3820	Outlays (grass)	-728	-1.973	-552
		71		-
3050	Unpaid obligations, and of year	n		4
3060	Uncollected pyrits, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-71	85	-85
3870	Change in uncollected pyrits, Fed sources, unexpired	-14		
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-85	-85	-85
3630	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	-63	-63	-65
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	-20	-14	81
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	-14	81	81
_				
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4090	Mandatory: Budget authority, gross	2.072	3.436	2.947
40.00	Outlays, gross:	2,012	2,420	2,000
4100	Outlays from new mandatory authority	602	1,906	552
4100	Outlays from mandatory balances	126	67	
4130	Outlays, gross (total)	728	1.973	552
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:			
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4120	Federal sources	-1		
4121	Interest on Federal securities	-30	-236	-251
4124	Offsetting governmental collections	-1,139	-2,120	-2,319
4130	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-2,058	-3,436	-2,947
4140	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-14		
4170	Outlays, net (mandatory)	-1.330	-1.463	-2.395
4180				
4190	Dutlays, net (total)	-1,330	-1,463	-2,395
_				
5000	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Total investments, SOY. Federal securities: Par value	15.276	16.610	18.073
5000	Tatal investments, SOT Preeral securities: Par value	16,610	18,073	20.468
_				
	Status of Guaranteed Loans (in millio	es of dollars)		
identi-	fication code 025-4468-0-3-373	2020 actual	2021 est.	2822 est.
_				
2230	Cumulative balance of guaranteed loans outstanding: Debtageding, start of your	2.640	9 397	
2230	Outstanding, start of year Disbursements of new guaranteed loans	3,449	2,337	
2251	Repayments and prepayments	-1.110	-2.337	
2251	Repayments and prepayments	-2		
		0.000		
2290	Outstanding, end of year	2,337		
	Memorandum:			
2299	Guaranteed amount of guaranteed loans outstanding, end of			
	year	2,337		
_				

Staff Draft: NCUA 2022 – 2023 Budget

2020 actual 2021 est 2022 est

316

1,131

2020 actual 2021 est.

168 73

334

1.186 1.186

174

174

356

2822 est.

THE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

Additional Information

- The detailed Staff Draft Budget document is available on the NCUA website:
 - <u>https://www.ncua.gov/files/publications/budget/budg</u>
 <u>et-justification-proposed-2022-2023.pdf</u>
- The public is invited to comment on the Staff Draft Budget through December 9, 2021:
 - Comment online at:

https://www.regulations.gov/document/NCUA-2021-0149-0002

 Comment by mail or fax as instructed in the *Federal Register* notice.